



The figure displays a genomic map of the human genome, organized into four quadrants by a central vertical and horizontal axis. The top-left quadrant is yellow, the top-right is green, the bottom-left is blue, and the bottom-right is red. The grid is composed of small colored squares, each representing a specific genomic region. The colors of the squares vary, indicating different data points or categories. The overall layout is a detailed genomic map, likely representing a specific genomic region or a set of genomic data.

At the top of the figure, there is a circular diagram with a yellow outer ring and a grey inner ring. The bottom part of the figure is a large rectangular area with a grid of small colored squares (yellow, green, blue, red, black, etc.) representing genomic data. The right side of the grid has a vertical axis with labels from 1 to 22, representing chromosomes. The left side of the grid has a vertical axis with labels from 1 to 22, representing chromosomes. The top part of the grid has a horizontal axis with labels from 1 to 22, representing chromosomes. The bottom part of the grid has a horizontal axis with labels from 1 to 22, representing chromosomes. The grid is divided into four quadrants by a vertical line and a horizontal line. The top-left quadrant is yellow, the top-right is green, the bottom-left is blue, and the bottom-right is red. The grid contains a large number of small colored squares, each representing a specific genomic region. The colors of the squares vary, indicating different data points or categories. The overall layout is a detailed genomic map, likely representing a specific genomic region or a set of genomic data.